



What is the National School Reform Agreement?

The National School Reform Agreement is an agreement between the Australian Government and all states and territories that sets out the long-term national goals for school education in Australia.

To achieve these goals, the Agreement sets out eight important reforms to be implemented over the next five years.

By signing up to the Agreement, governments commit to a sustained reform effort that will drive improved student outcomes and excellence in our classrooms.

[Bilateral agreements](#) between the Commonwealth and each state and territory sit alongside the Agreement and set out state-specific reform actions to improve student outcomes. They also include state and territory funding contributions to support schooling in their government and non-government schools.

The National School Reform Agreement commences on 1 January 2019.

The eight national reforms

These reforms are based on the evidence of what works, and have been informed by several key reviews including *Through Growth to Achievement: Report of the Review to Achieve Educational Excellence in Australian Schools*.

Reform 1: Enhancing the Australian Curriculum to support teacher assessment of student attainment and growth

The development of learning progressions that describe the common development pathway along which students typically progress in their learning, regardless of age or year level. Teachers will be able to tailor their teaching by easily identifying where a student is at in their learning and the next steps needed for them to progress.

Reform 2: Opt-in online learning assessment tools to assist teachers

The second reform builds on the first, through the development of accessible, quality resources and professional learning that assists teachers to monitor and understand student progress. This enables teachers to tailor their teaching to individual student needs so the learning growth and attainment of every student is maximised.

Reform 3: Review senior secondary pathways into work, further education and training

A review of senior secondary pathways to ensure students leave school with the best education and skills to enable them to navigate life beyond school.

Reform 4: Review teacher workforce needs of the future to attract and retain the best and brightest

A national teacher workforce strategy that will analyse supply and demand of teachers across Australia with the aim to staff all schools and subjects adequately, regardless of location.

Reform 5: Strengthening the initial teacher accreditation system

Stronger quality assurance on the national accreditation of initial teacher programs to ensure graduate teachers have undertaken the highest quality training and are classroom ready.

Reform 6: A national unique student identifier

A unique single number for every student, which will help share information on student learning between schools, sectors and states without using a student's name. This will provide students, parents and teachers with a comprehensive record of progress and attainment.

Reform 7: An independent national evidence institute to inform teacher practice, system improvement and policy development

Establishment of an independent national evidence institute to undertake research on what works in improving school outcomes and the translation of this research into practical resources for use by schools and teachers.

Reform 8: Improving national data quality, consistency and collection to improve the national evidence base and inform policy development

Data improvement activities that will help measure the impact of these reforms and understand what works best for improving student outcomes. The data and research gathered will be used to help inform future ideas and ensure our education system is continuously improving.